Beam Tube

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

For Use in FM and TV Receivers As Combined Limiter, Discriminator, and Audio-Voltage-Amplifier Tube

GENERAL DATA

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	Electrical:					
	Heater, for Unipotential Cathode: Voltage (AC or DC)	% volts - amp				
	shields, plate, grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater 4.2 Grid No.3 to cathode & internal shields, plate, grid No.2, grid No.1, and heater 3.3 Grid No.1 to grid No.3 0.004 max.	μμf μμf μμf				
	Mechanical:	, ,				
	Operating Position. Maximum Overall Length. Maximum Seated Length. Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip). 2" Maximum Diameter. Dimensional Outline. Bulb. See General Bulb. Base. Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW.	2-5/8" 2-3/8" ± 3/32" o 0.750" - Section .T5-1/2 No.E7-1)				
<u> </u>	Pin 1 - Cathode, Internal Shields Pin 2 - Grid No.1 Pin 3 - Heater Pin 4 - Heater Pin 4 - Heater Pin 5 - Grid Pin 6 - Grid Pin 7 - Pla	d No.2 d No.3				
LIMITER & DISCRIMINATOR SERVICE +						
	Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:					
<u> </u>	PLATE SUPPLY VOLTAGE	. volts				
	GRID-No.1 (LIMITER-GRID) VOLTAGE:	. volts				
_	CATHODE CURRENT	. volts . ma				
	Heater positive with	. volts				
	respect to cathode 200 max	. volts				

← Indicates a change.

Typical Operation:

In accompanying typical quadrature-grid-fm-detector circuit

Input-Signal				
Center Frequency	4.5	10.7	10.7	Mc
Plate Supply Voltage.	270	85	285	volts
Plate Voltage	121	63	122	
Grid-No₄3 Voltage	•	•	•	
Grid-No.2 Voltage	100	55	100	volts
Cathode-Circuit				
Resistance [★]	200 to 400	200 to 400	200 to 400	ohms
Peak AFOutput Voltage	16.8	6	16.6	volts
Minimum Grid-No.1				
Signal Voltage (RMS)				
for AM rejection* .	2	1.25	2	volts
Minimum Grid-No.1				
Signal Voltage (RMS)				
for limiting action	1.25	1.25	1.25	volts
Plate Current	0.44	0.25	0.49	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	10	4.1	9.8	ma
Plate Load Resistor .	0.33	0.085	0.33	megohm
Linearity Resistor	1000	470	1500	ohms
Integrating				
Capacitor	0.001	0.002	0.001	μ f
Coupling Capacitor	0.25	0.25	0.01	μ f
Frequency Deviation .	±25	±75	±75	kc
AM Rejection:				
For grid-No.1 signal	٥٢	0.4	00	
volts $(RMS) = 2$.	25	31	20	db
For grid-No.1 signal	20	20		
volts (RMS) = 3 . Total Harmonic	30	30	29	db
	1 0	2	1 0	~
Distortion	1.8	2	1.6	%

[▲] Without external shield.

OPERATING CONSIDERATIONS

To insure proper phasing of the signal voltage developed at the quadrature grid, the components of the quadrature-grid circuit should be shielded from those of the control-grid circuit.

To obtain a symmetrical discriminator—response curve, the plate currents for no input signal and for unmodulated → Indicates a change.

For proper operation of this electron tube in the accompanying Typical Quadrature-Grid-FM Detector Circuit, the 0 of the quadrature-grid tuned circuit (L1, C6) should be sufficiently high to assure that a 4-volt rms signal is developed at the quadrature grid when a 2-volt rms signal at the center frequency is applied to grid No.1.

It is recommended that L₁ be shunted by a capacitance of at least 10 $\mu\mu$ f. This capacitance may be composed of tube capacitance, stray capacitance, the distributed capacitance of L₁, and a fixed capacitor.

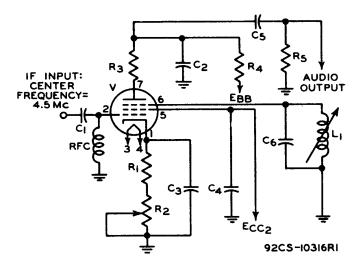
The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

The cathode-circult resistance should be adjusted for maximum AM rejection at the AF output of the circuit at the specified grid-No.1 signal voltage. AM rejection is measured with an applied signal containing 30 per cent amplitude modulation and 30 per cent frequency modulation. At signal levels above specified value, limiting is within ±2 decibels.

input signal should be equal. To assure this equality, it is necessary that the plate voltage and grid-No.2 voltage have the proper values.

The proper plate voltage for any grid-No.2 voltage may be determined from the accompanying *Operation Characteristics* curve. This curve may also be used to determine the average dynamic plate current for any combination of grid-No.2 voltage and plate voltage.

TYPICAL QUADRATURE-GRID-FM-DETECTOR CIRCUIT



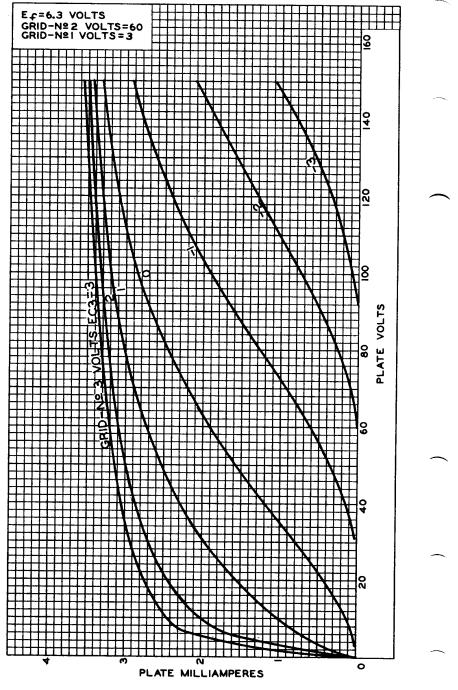
C₁: 100 μμf
C₂: Integrating capacitor, 0.001 μf
C₃ C₄: 0.01 μf
C₅: 0.25 μf
C₆: 10 μμf
L₁: Φ
R₁: 200 ohms
R₂: Cathode-bias potentiometer, 200 ohms
R₃: Linearity resistor, 1000 ohms
R₄: Plate-load resistor, 0.33 megohm
R₅: 0.47 megohm
V: Electron-tube-type 68N6

For proper operation of this electron tube in the accompanying Typical Quadrature-Grid-FM Detector Circuit, the Q of the quadrature-grid tuned circuit (L1, C6) should be sufficiently high to assure that a 4-volt rms signal is developed at the quadrature grid when a 2-volt rms signal at the center frequency is applied to grid No.1.

It is recommended that L_1 be shunted by a capacitance of at least 10 $\mu\mu f$. This capacitance may be composed of tube capacitance, stray capacitance, the distributed capacitance of L_1, and a fixed capacitor.

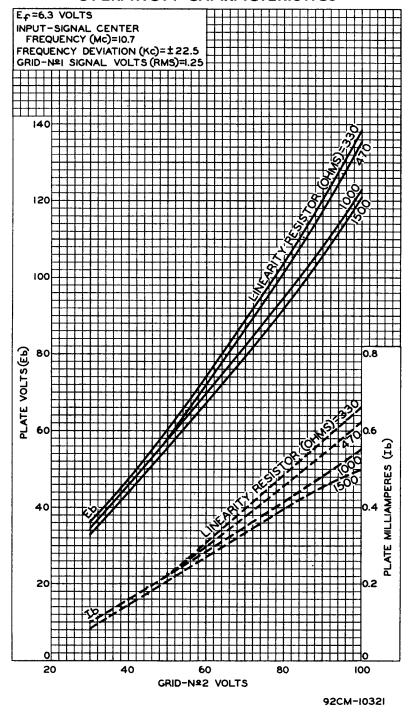
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AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS

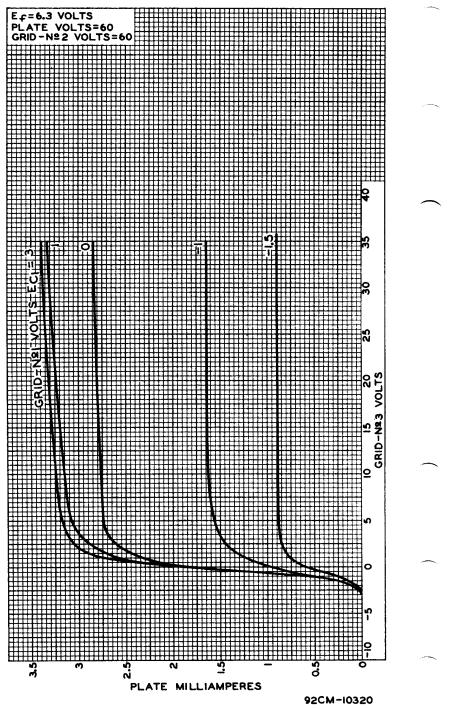


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OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS



AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



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