

POWER AMPLIFIER PENTODE For applications requiring continuity of service

For applications requiring continu	STORES	
Heater		1
Voltage 6.3	a-c or d-c	volts
Current 0.7		amp.
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Appr	ox.): ⁰	
Grid to Plate 0.20		μμf
Input 7.5		μμf
Output 11.5		μμf
Maximum Overall Length	•	3-1/4"
Maximum Seated Height	2-	11/16"
Maximum Diameter		-5/16"
Bulb	Metal Shell	, MT-8
Base. @_③ Sma	ll Wafer Octal	7-Pin
Pin 1-Shell	Pin 5-Grid	d
Pin 2-Heater	Pin 7 - Hea	
Pin 3-Plate	Pin 8 - Cati	hode
Pin 4 – Screen		1
Mounting Position BOTTOM VIEW		Anv
Maximum Ratings Are Design-Cen		1
<u> PUSH-PULL AMPLIFIER - Triode C</u>		į
Recommended with Cathode-Bias Op	eration only.	į.
Plate Voltage	300 max.	vo litis
Plate Dissipation	8.3 max.	
Typical Operation - Class A. Amplifier:		
Inless otherwise specified, values	are for 2 tube	s
Plate Supply *	327.5	volts
Cathode Resistor	500	ohms
Peak A-F Grid-to-Grid Voltage	54	volts
Zero-Sig. Plate Current	55	ma.
MaxSig. Plate Current	59	ma.
Load Resistance (plate-to-plate)	5000	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion	1	%
Power Output	2	watts
* Actual voltage between cathode and plate will	be plate-supply	voltage
minus drop in cathode resistor. A Type of input counling used, should not introduced.	fuce too much resi	stance
Type of input coupling used should not introc in the grid circuit. Transformer- or impedar	nce-coupling device	es are
recommended. The grid circuit may have a resist greater than, 0.5 megohm provided the heater vo rise more than 10% above rated value under any	tance as nigh as, oltage is not allow	ved to
		ration.
PUSH-PULL AMPLIFIER - Pentode	Connection	-
Plate Voltage	300 max.	volts
Screen Voltage	300 max.	
Plate Dissipation	7.9 max.	
Screen Input	1.9 max.	watts
Typical Operation - Class A, Amplifier:		¹ 1 .
Unless otherwise specified, values	are for 2 tubes	. 1
Plate	300	volts
Screen	300	volts
D-C Grid Voltage #	-30	volts
Peak A-F Grid-to-Grid Voltage	60	volts
Zero-Sig. Plate Current	3 8	ma.
MaxSig. Plate Current	69	ma.
, †, #,°: See next page.	-indicates a c	hange.





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(continued from preceding page)			
Zero-Sig. Screen Current	6.5	ma.	
MaxSig. Screen Current	13	ma.	
Load Resistance (plate-to-plate)	4000	ohms	
Total Harmonic Distortion	3	%	
Power Output	5	watts	

In circuits where the cathode is not directly connected to the heater, the potential difference between heater and cathode should be kept as low as possible. With shell connected to cathode. Screen connected to plate.

Type of input coupling used should not introduce too much resistance in the grid circuit. Transformer— or impedance—coupling devices are recommended. When the grid circuit has a resistance not higher than 0.05 megohm, fixed bias may be used; for higher values, cathode bias is required. With cathode bias, the grid circuit may have a resistance as high as, but not greater than, 0.5 megohm provided the heater voltage is not allowed to rise more than 10% above rated value under any conditions of operation.

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS for the 1621 are the same as those for Type 12A6.

Curves under Type 6F6 also apply to the 1621.