



19BG6-GA

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## BEAM POWER TUBE

### GENERAL DATA

#### Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:			
Voltage . . . . .	18.9	. . . . .	ac or dc volts
Current . . . . .	0.3	. . . . .	amp
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.): <sup>o</sup>			
Grid No.1 to plate . . . . .	0.8	. . . . .	$\mu\text{f}$
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater. . . . .	11	. . . . .	$\mu\text{f}$
Plate to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater. . . . .	6	. . . . .	$\mu\text{f}$

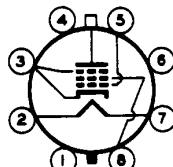
#### Characteristics, Class A, Amplifier:

Plate Voltage . . . . .	60	250	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage . . . . .	250	250	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage . . . . .	0	-15	volts
Mu-Factor, Grid No.2 to Grid No.1 . . .	-	8	
Plate Resistance (Approx.) . . . . .	-	25000	ohms
Transconductance. . . . .	-	6000	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Plate Current . . . . .	180*	75	ma
Grid-No.2 Current . . . . .	18*	4	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate current of 1 ma . . . . .	-	-45	volts

#### Mechanical:

Mounting Position . . . . .	Vertical, base up or down, or Horizontal with pins 2 and 7 in vertical plane
Maximum Overall Length . . . . .	5"
Seated Length. . . . .	4-1/4" $\pm$ 3/16"
Maximum Diameter . . . . .	1-9/16"
Bulb . . . . .	T-12
Cap. . . . .	Small (JETEC No.C1-1)
Base . . . . .	Short Medium-Shell Octal 8-Pin with External Barriers, Style A (JETEC No.B8-110), or Short Medium-Shell Octal 8-Pin with External Barriers, Style B (JETEC No.B8-118)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW . . . . .	.5BT

Pin 1 - No Connection  
 Pin 2 - Heater  
 Pin 3 - Cathode,  
         Grid No.3  
 Pin 4 - Same as Pin 1



Pin 5 - Grid No.1  
 Pin 6 - Same as Pin 1  
 Pin 7 - Heater  
 Pin 8 - Grid No.2  
 Cap - Plate

<sup>o</sup> Without external shield.

\* These values can be measured by a method involving a recurrent wave form such that the cathode current and grid-No.2 input will be kept within ratings in order to prevent damage to the tube.

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### HORIZONTAL DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER

#### Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values Except as Noted:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system<sup>□</sup>

DC PLATE VOLTAGE . . . . .	700	max.	volts
PEAK POSITIVE-PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE (Absolute maximum) <sup>*</sup> . . . . .	6600 <sup>■</sup>	max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE . . . . .	1500	max.	volts
DC GRID-No.2 (SCREEN) VOLTAGE . . . . .	350	max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE GRID-No.1 VOLTAGE . . . . .	300	max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT:			
Peak. . . . .	400	max.	ma
Average . . . . .	110	max.	ma
GRID-No.2 INPUT . . . . .	3.2	max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION†. . . . .	20	max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode . . . . .	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode . . . . .	200 <sup>▲</sup>	max.	volts
BULB TEMPERATURE (At hottest point on bulb surface). . . . .	210	max.	°C

#### Maximum Circuit Values:

##### Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For grid-resistor-bias operation† . . . . . 0.47 max. megohm

- As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations", Federal Communications Commission.
- Under no circumstances should this absolute value be exceeded.
- The duration of the voltage pulse must not exceed 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle is 10 microseconds.  
† It is essential that the plate dissipation be limited in the event of loss of grid signal. For this purpose, some protective means such as a cathode resistor of suitable value should be employed.
- ▲ The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

### CURVES

for Type 19BG6-GA are the same as those shown for  
Type 6BG6-G