

HA13491S

Three-Phase Motor Driver With Speed Discriminator

Description

The HA13491S is a 3-phase brushless motor drive IC designed for use as a 5- and 12-volt HDD spindle motor driver. It has the following functions and features.

- CLK and FG dividers
- Standby circuit
- Current control circuit
- OTSD temperature protection circuit

Functions

- 1.5 A/phase 3-phase drive circuit
- Digital speed control circuit
- Digital ready circuit
- FG amp
- Short brake circuit

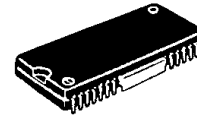
Features

- Soft switching driver circuit
- No need for output snubber circuits
- Low saturation voltage
- Wide operating voltage range

Ordering Information

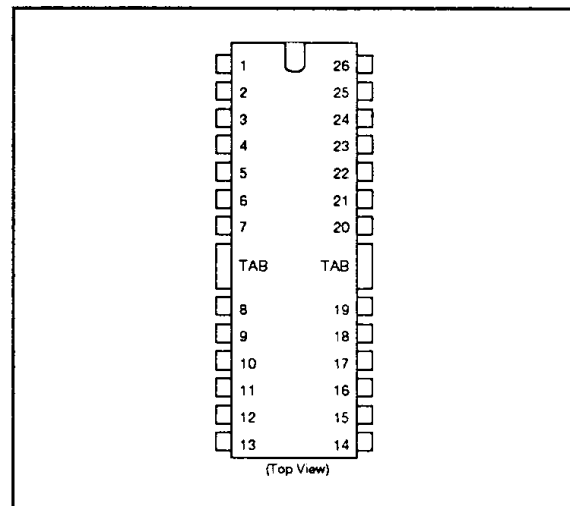
| Type No. | Package |
|----------|---------|
| HA13491S | MP-26DT |

HA13491S



(MP-26DT)

Pin Arrangement

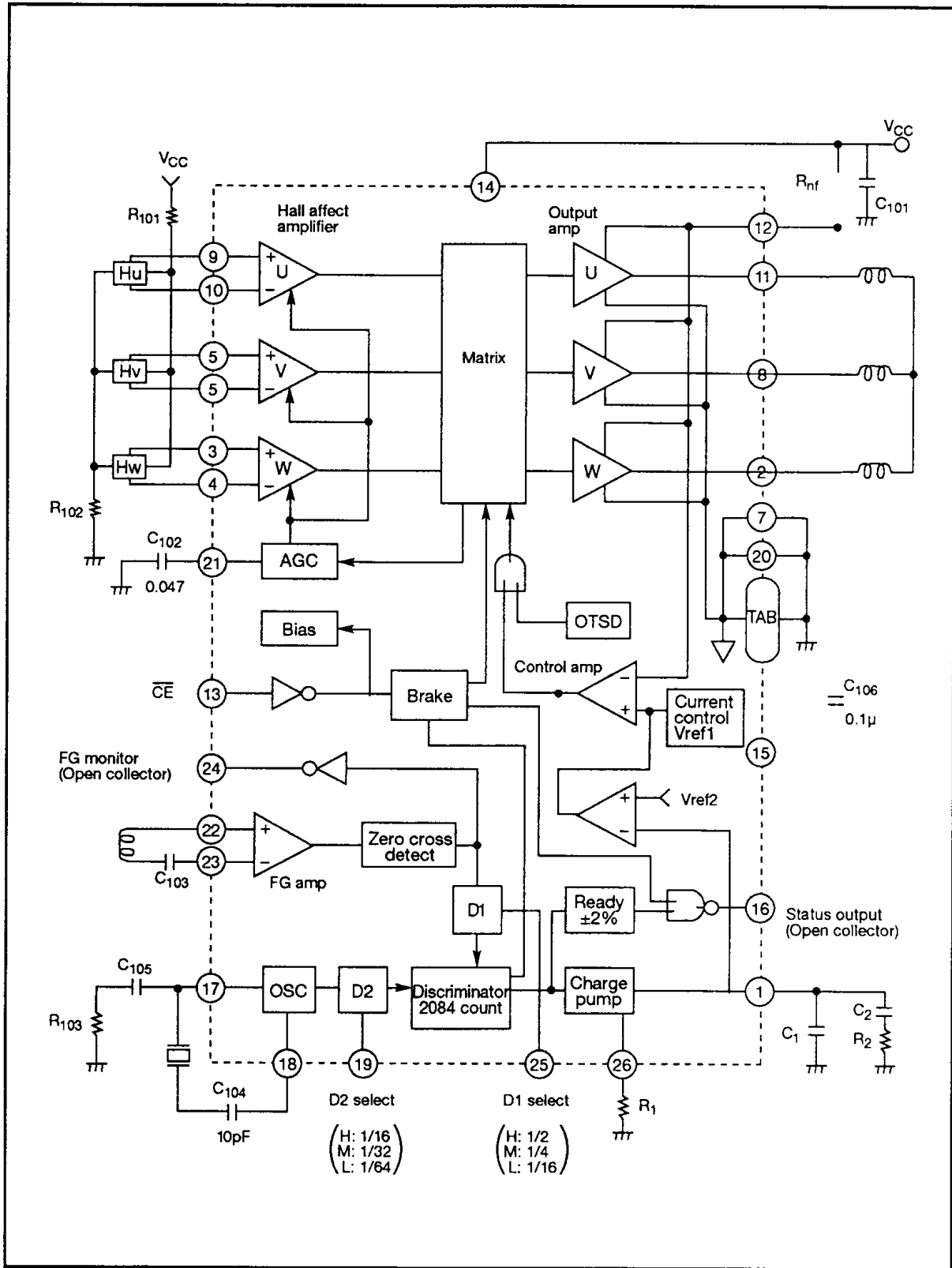


| Pin No. | Function | Pin No. | Function |
|---------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------|
| 1 | Charge pump output | 16 | Status output |
| 2 | W phase output | 17 | OSC input |
| 3 | W + input | 18 | OSC output |
| 4 | W - input | 19 | D2 select |
| 5 | V + input | 20 | GND |
| 6 | V - input | 21 | AGC filter |
| 7 | GND | 22 | FG + input |
| 8 | V phase output | 23 | FG - input |
| 9 | U + input | 24 | FG motor |
| 10 | U - input | 25 | D1 select |
| 11 | U phase output | 26 | Charge pump bias |
| 12 | Current detection | | |
| 13 | CE | | |
| 14 | VCC | | |
| 15 | Control amp phase compensation | | |



HA13491S

Block Diagram



External Parts

| Part No. | Recommended Value | Purpose | Notes |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-------|
| R ₁ | ≤ 10 kΩ | Integration constant | 1 |
| R ₂ | — | Integration constant | 1 |
| R ₁₀₁ , R ₁₀₂ | — | Hall effect bias | 2 |
| R ₁₀₃ | 470 Ω | Oscillator stabilization | 3 |
| R _{nf} | ≥ 0.27 Ω | Current detection | 4 |
| C ₁ | — | Integration constant | 1 |
| C ₂ | — | Integration constant | 1 |
| C ₁₀₁ | ≥ 0.1 μF | Power supply bypass | 5 |
| C ₁₀₂ | 0.047 μF | AGC filter | |
| C ₁₀₃ | — | FG coupling | 6 |
| C ₁₀₄ | 10 pF | Oscillator coupling | |
| C ₁₀₅ | 0.047 μF | Oscillator stabilization | 3 |
| C ₁₀₆ | 0.1 μF | Control amp phase compensation | |
| X'tal | — | Reference oscillator | 7 |

Notes: 1. Determine the value based on the following formulas.

$$\omega_o \leq \frac{2\pi f_{FG}}{20} \quad (\text{rad/s})$$

$$\frac{R_2}{R_1} = \frac{4}{9.55} \times \frac{J \omega_o N_o R_{nf}}{K_T G_{ctl} V_{R1}}$$

$$C_1 = \frac{1}{10} \frac{1}{\omega_o R_2} \quad [F]$$

$$C_2 = 10 C_1 \quad [F]$$

Where:

f_{FG} = FG frequency (Hz)

N_o = Motor speed (rpm)

J = Motor moment of inertia (kg • cm • s²)

K_T = Motor torque constant (kg • cm/A)

G_{ctl} = Control amp gain (see Electrical Characteristics)

V_{R1} = Charge pump bias voltage (see Electrical Characteristics)

R_{nf} = Current detector resistance (Ω)

2. Select these values so that the Hall effect amplifier in-phase and differential input voltage ranges are satisfied.
3. Unnecessary with crystal frequencies of 4.0 MHz and under.
4. Current control functions according to the following formula.

$$I_o \text{ max} = \frac{V_{ref1}}{R_{nf}} \text{ A}$$

Here, V_{ref1} is the current control reference voltage (see Electrical Characteristics).

5. Locate as close to the IC as possible.
6. Determine the value based on the following formula:

$$C_{103} \geq \frac{200}{f_{FG}} \quad (\mu F)$$

7. The relation between the crystal frequency and f_{FG} is as follows:

$$f_{osc} = \frac{2083.5 D_1 f_{FG}}{D_2} \quad (\text{Hz})$$

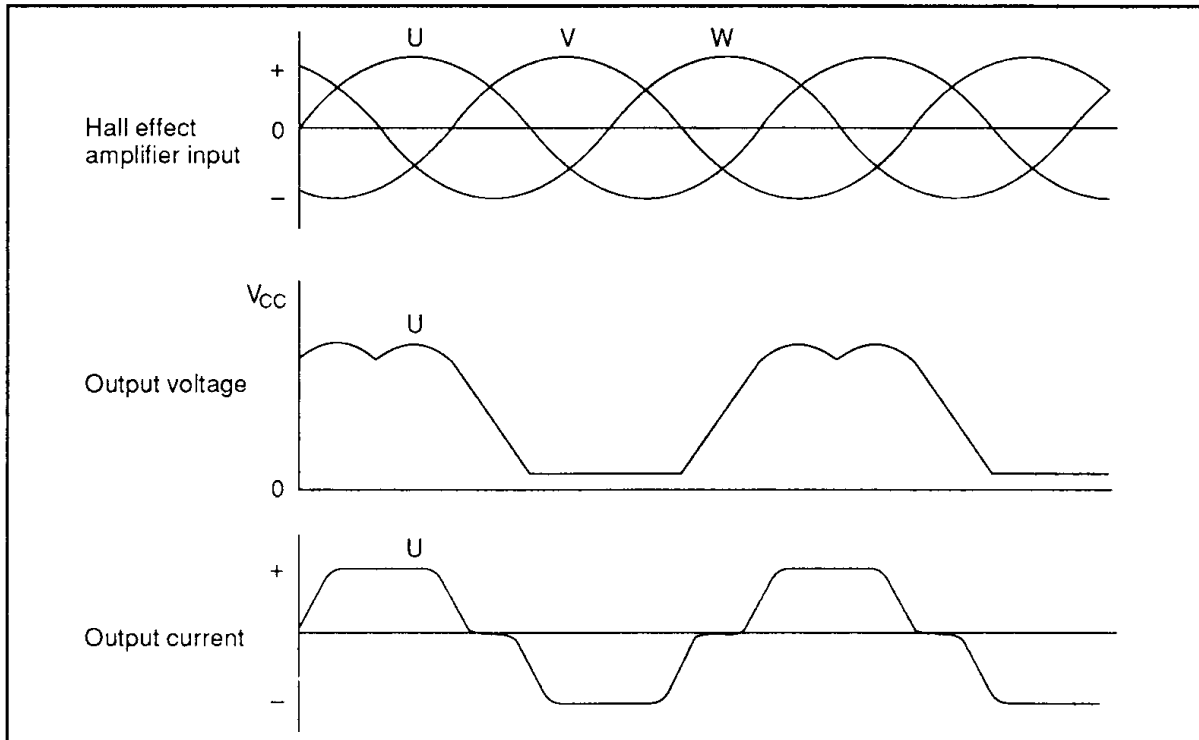
Here, D₁ and D₂ specify the division ratio, and their relation to the voltage applied to the D select terminal is as follows:

| | D ₁ select (pin 25) | | | | D ₂ select (pin 19) | | |
|----------------|--------------------------------|-----|------|----------------|--------------------------------|------|-----|
| | H | M | L | | H | M | L |
| D ₁ | 1/2 | 1/4 | 1/16 | D ₂ | 1/16 | 1/32 | /64 |

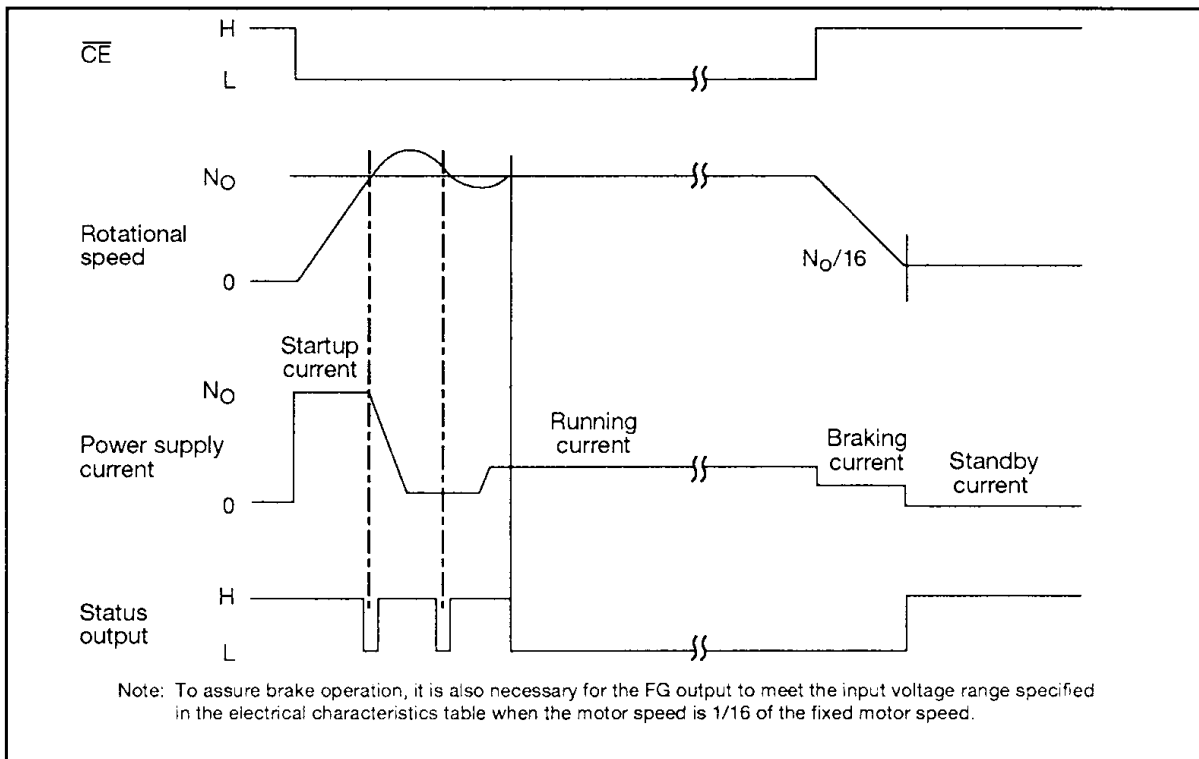


Timing Charts

1. Hall Effect Amplifier Input vs. Output Voltage and Current



2. Brake Operation and Status Output



Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

| Item | Symbol | Rating | Units | Notes |
|------------------------------|------------------|----------------------|-------|-------|
| Power supply voltage | V _{CC} | +15 | V | 1 |
| Input voltage | V _{in} | 0 to V _{CC} | V | 2 |
| Instantaneous output current | I _{op} | 1.5 | A | 3 |
| Normal output current | I _{doc} | 1.0 | A | |
| Allowable dissipation | P _t | 2 | W | 4 |
| Junction temperature | T _j | +150 | °C | 5 |
| Storage temperature | T _{stg} | -55 to +125 | °C | |

The absolute maximum ratings are limiting values, to be applied individually, beyond which the device may be permanently damaged. Functional operation under any of these conditions is not guaranteed. Exposing a circuit to its absolute maximum rating for extended periods of time may affect the device's reliability.

- Notes: 1. The operating voltage range is as follows: V_{CC} = 4.25 to 13.8 V
 2. Applies to \overline{CE} , D₁, and D₂ pins.
 3. Refer to the Safe Operating Range figure in the Reference Data Section. Operating locus must be within the ASO.
 4. This is the allowable value when T_C is 136°C. However, thermal resistance is as follows:
 $\theta_{j-c} \leq 7^\circ\text{C/W}$
 $\theta_{j-a1} \leq 15^\circ\text{C/W}$ (When a metal base substrate is used.)
 $\theta_{j-a2} \leq 62^\circ\text{C/W}$ (When a glass epoxy substrate is used.)
 5. The operating temperature range is as follows:
 T_{opr} = 0 to 125°C.

Electrical Characteristics (Ta = 25°C, V_{CC} = 12 V)

| Item | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Units | Measurement Conditions | Applicable Pins | Notes | |
|--|----------------------------------|-------------------|-------|-------|-----------------------|---|-------------------------|--------|--|
| Current drawn | I _{CC0} | — | 3 | 5 | mA | $\overline{CE} = H, V_{CC} = 13.8\text{ V}$ | 12,14 | 1 | |
| | I _{CC} | — | 20 | 25 | mA | $\overline{CE} = L, V_{CC} = 13.8\text{ V}$ | | | |
| CE | Input current | I _{in1} | — | ±50 | μA | V _{in} = 0 to 12 V | 13 | | |
| | Input high voltage | V _{ih1} | 2.0 | — | V | Disable | | | |
| | Input low voltage | V _{il1} | — | 0.8 | V | Enable | | | |
| D ₁ and D ₂ select | Input current | I _{in2} | — | ±0.35 | mA | V _{in} = 0 to 5 V | 19,25 | | |
| | Input high voltage | V _{ih2} | 3.5 | — | V | | | | |
| | Input middle voltage | V _{im2} | 1.2 | — | 3.0 | V | | | |
| | Input low voltage | V _{il2} | — | 0.8 | V | | | | |
| Hall effect amp | Input resistance | R _{hi} | 7 | 10 | 13 | kΩ | 3 to 6, 9,10 | | |
| | In-phase input voltage range | V _{ch} | 1.5 | — | V _{CC} -2 | V | | | |
| | Differential input voltage range | V _{dh} | 60 | — | 200 | mV _{pp} | | | |
| | Leakage current | I _{CER} | — | — | 0.1 | mA | V _{CE} = 15 V | 2,8,11 | |
| Output amp | Saturation voltage | V _{sat1} | — | 1.2 | 1.8 | V | I _O = 1.0 | 2 | |
| | | V _{sat2} | — | 1.0 | 1.2 | V | I _O = 0.35 A | | |
| Buffer control amp | Voltage gain | G _{ct1} | -7 | -9 | -11 | dB | 12 | 3 | |
| | Reference voltage | V _{ref1} | 0.216 | 0.24 | 0.264 | V | R _{nf} = 1 Ω | | |
| | | V _{ref2} | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.5 | V | | | |



HA13491S

Electrical Characteristics (Ta = 25°C, VCC = 12 V)

| Item | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Units | Measurement Conditions | Applicable Pins | Notes |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|------|------|-------|------------------------|--------------------------|-------|
| Charge pump | R1 voltage | V _{R1} | 1.15 | 1.25 | 1.35 | V | R1 = 3.3 Ω | 26 |
| | Charging current | 1+ | — | 95 | — | μA | R1 = 3.3 Ω | 1 |
| | Discharge current | 1- | — | -95 | — | μA | R1 = 3.3 Ω | |
| | Current ratio | 1+/1- | — | 1.0 | — | — | | |
| | Clamp voltage | V _{max} | 0.58 | 0.78 | 0.88 | V | | 4 |
| Leakage current | I _{off} | — | — | ±60 | nA | | | |
| FG amp | Input voltage range | V _{FG} | 10 | — | 60 | mV _{PP} | CE = L | 22,23 |
| | | | 2 | — | — | | Brake mode | |
| | Noise margin | n _d | — | — | 2 | mV _{PP} | CE = L | |
| | | n _c | 1.0 | — | — | V _{PP} | Brake mode | |
| OSC | Oscillator frequency range | f _{osc} | — | — | 8.0 | MHz | Crystal oscillator | 18 |
| | Oscillator frequency error | Δf _{osc} | — | — | ±0.1 | % | 4 MHz crystal oscillator | |
| Discriminator | Number of counts | N | — | 2084 | — | — | | |
| | Operating frequency | f _d | — | — | 500 | KHz | | |
| FG monitor status output | Leakage current | I _{oh} | — | — | ±20 | μA | V _{oh} = 15 V | 16,24 |
| | Output low voltage | V _{ol} | — | — | 0.4 | V | I _O = 2 mA | |
| OTSD | Operating temperature | T _{sd} | 125 | 150 | — | °C | — | |

- Notes: 1. Specified as the sum of the pin 12 and 14 currents.
 2. Specified as the sum of the upper and lower saturation voltages.
 3. Refer to figure 1, where:

$$G_{ctl} = \frac{\Delta V_{Rnf}}{\Delta V_{pin1}}$$

4. Specified as the difference with V_{ref}.

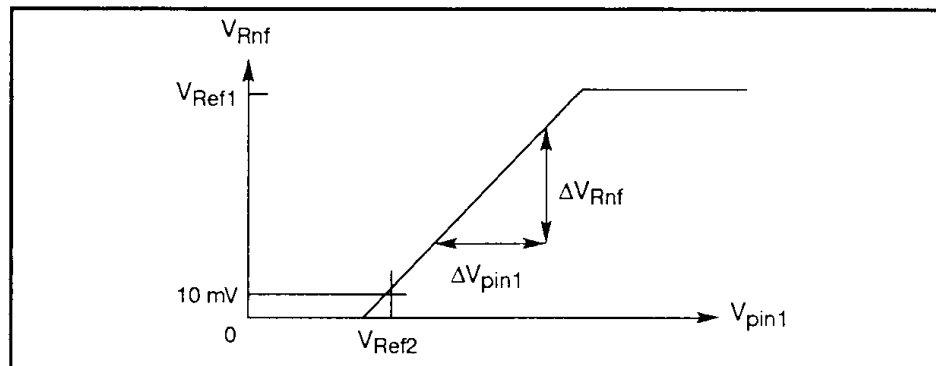


Figure 1 V_{Rnf} vs V_{pin1}

Reference Data

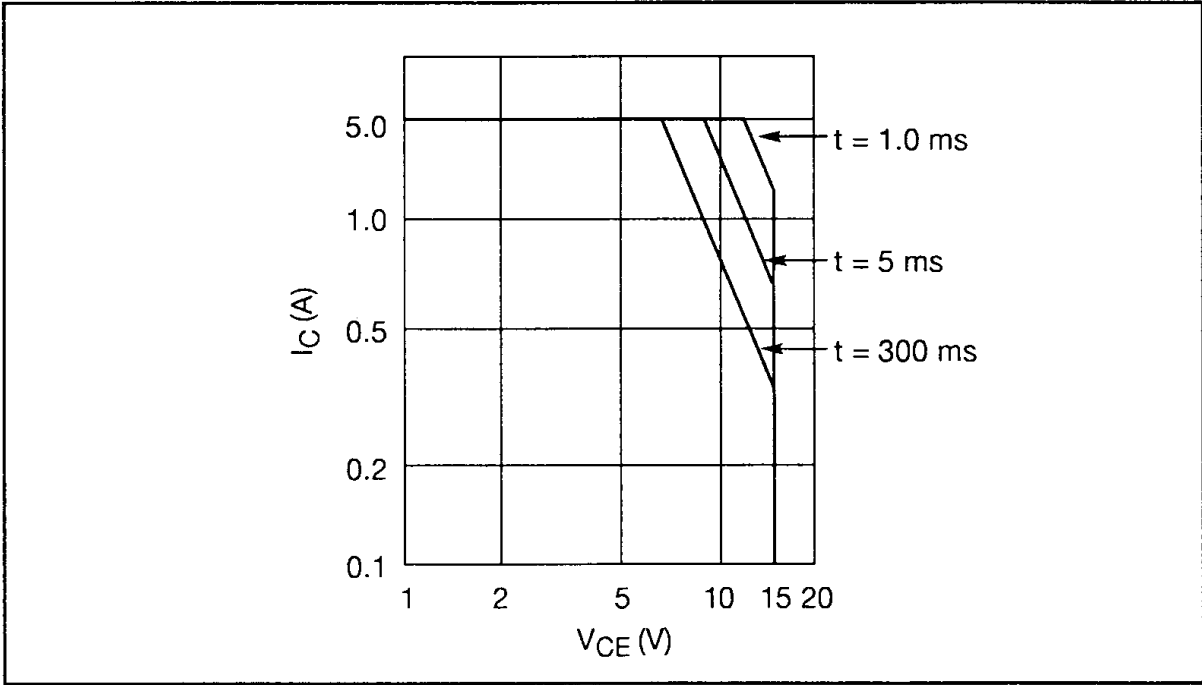


Figure 2 Output Transistor Safe Operating Range

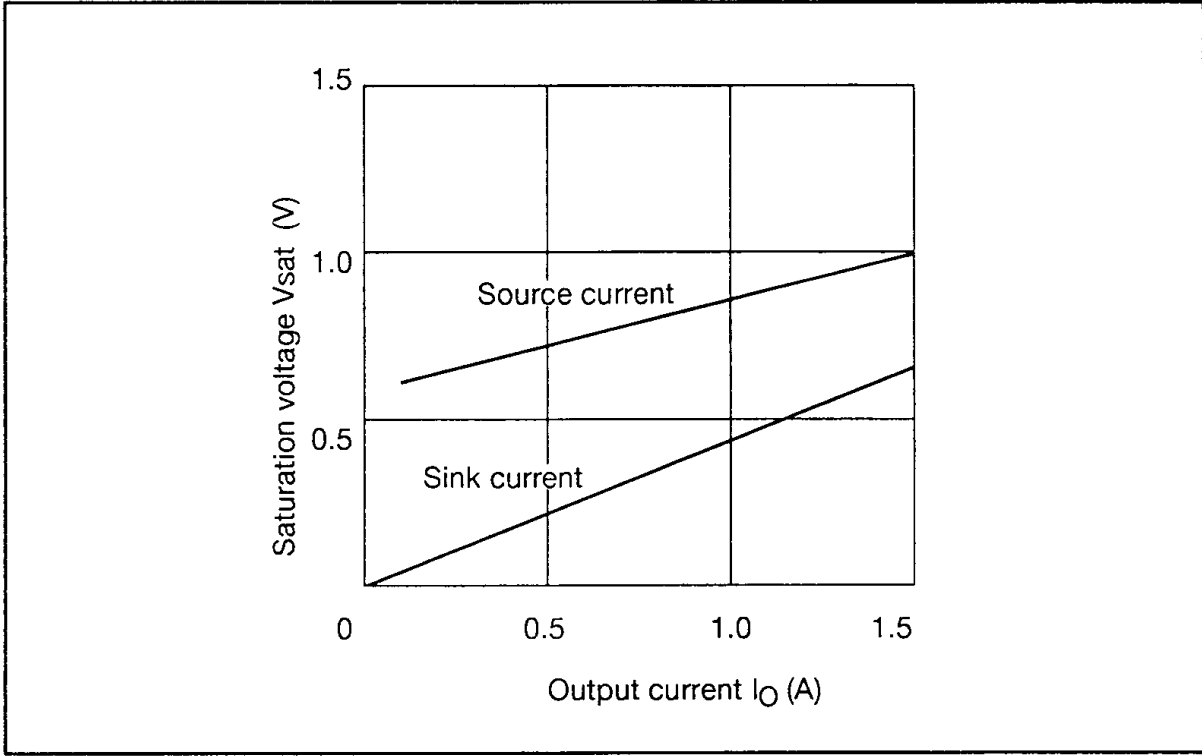


Figure 3 Output Transistor Saturation Characteristics



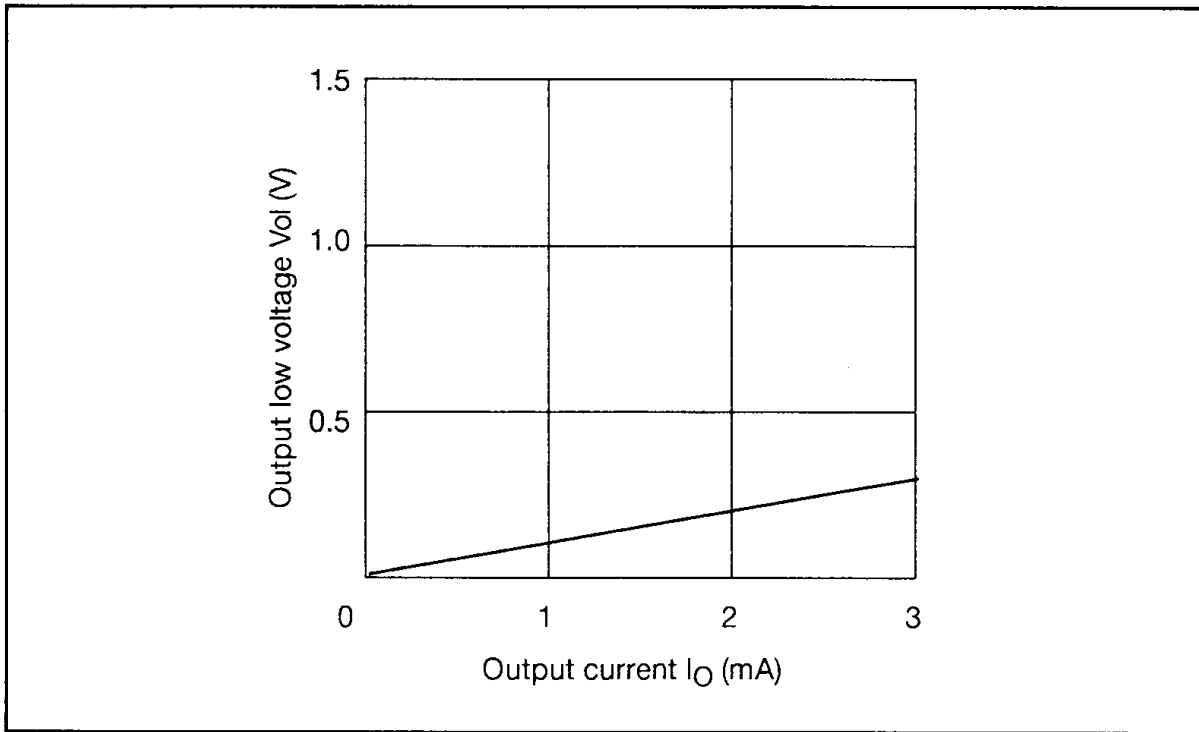


Figure 4 FG Monitor and Status Output Voltage Characteristics

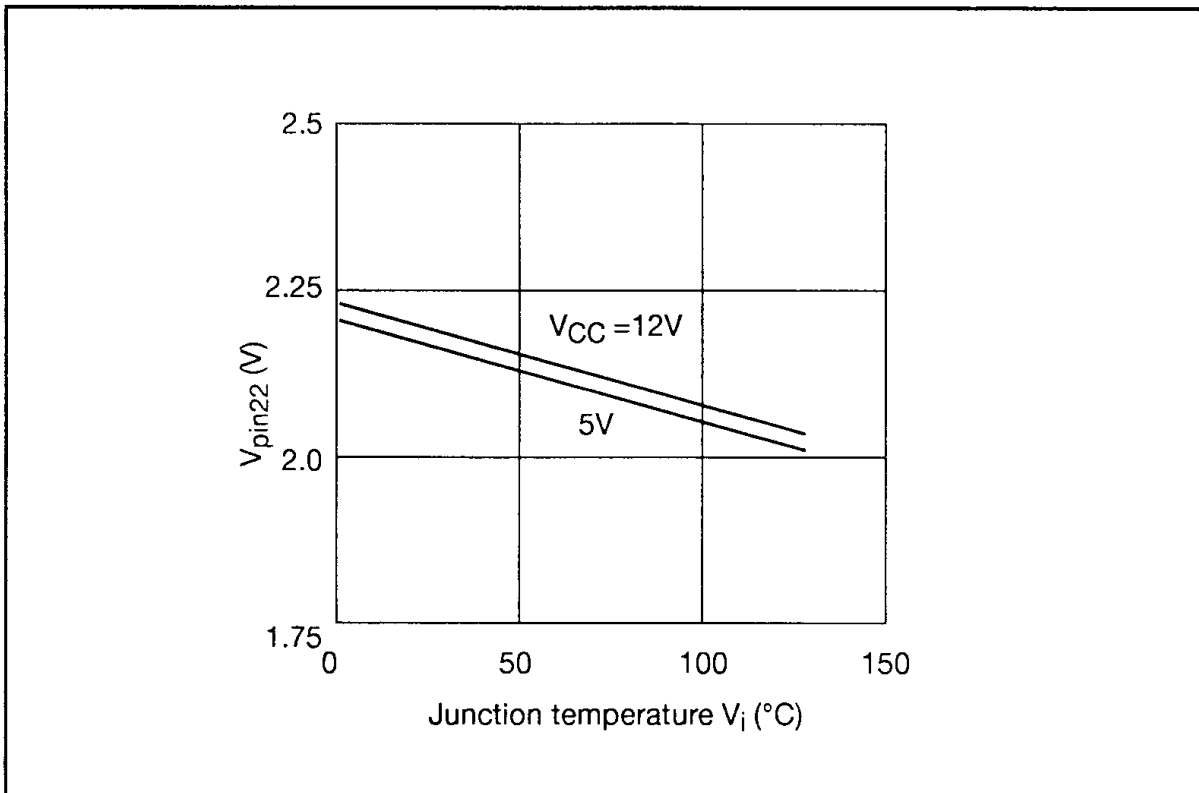


Figure 5 FG Amp Bias Voltage Temperature Characteristics